Lesson	Concepts	<b>Objectives</b> —Students will be able to:
1. Empathy and Respect	<ul> <li>The <i>Second Step</i> program helps you succeed at school.</li> <li>Having respect and empathy helps you get along with others.</li> </ul>	<ul><li> Define respect</li><li> Define empathy</li></ul>
2. Listening with Attention	• Listening with attention helps you learn, work with others, and make friends.	Demonstrate listening-with-attention skills.
3. Being Assertive	<ul> <li>Being assertive means asking for what you want or need in a calm, firm, respectful voice.</li> <li>Being assertive helps you be successful in a variety of social and academic situations.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify passive, aggressive, and assertive responses</li> <li>Demonstrate assertive responses with their partners</li> </ul>
4. Respecting Similarities and Differences	<ul> <li>People can have similar or different feelings about the same situation.</li> <li>Being able to notice and then understand others' feelings is an important part of empathy.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify clues that help them recognize other people's feelings</li> <li>Identify similarities and differences between how two people feel</li> </ul>
4. Respecting Similarities and Differences  5. Under- standing Complex Feelings  6. Under- standing Different Perspectives	<ul> <li>It is possible to have more than one feeling at the same time.</li> <li>Being able to understand that others might have complex feelings is an important part of empathy.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify multiple feelings in a given scenario</li> <li>Give possible reasons for multiple feelings</li> </ul>
6. Under- standing Different Perspectives	<ul> <li>People can have different perspectives about other people, places, and situations.</li> <li>Perspective taking is a central component of empathy.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify differing perspectives in given scenarios</li> <li>Generate prosocial responses to scenarios in which different perspectives could cause a conflict</li> </ul>
7. Conversation and Compliments	• Giving a sincere, thoughtful compliment is	<ul> <li>Identify components of a successful conversation</li> <li>Demonstrate giving and receiving a compliment</li> </ul>
8. Joining In	Being assertive can help you join and invite others to join a group.	<ul><li> Identify skills for joining a group</li><li> Demonstrate skills for joining a group</li></ul>
9. Showing Compassion	<ul> <li>Compassion means saying kind words or doing something helpful to show you care about how another person feels.</li> <li>Having empathy helps you show compassion.</li> </ul>	Demonstrate expressing concern or showing compassion for someone

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Lesson	Concepts	<b>Objectives</b> —Students will be able to:
10. Introducing Emotion Manage- ment	<ul> <li>When you feel strong feelings, it's hard to think clearly.</li> <li>Unmanaged, strong emotions can lead to negative behavior and consequences.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Describe what triggers their own strong emotions</li> <li>Describe what happens in their brains and bodies when they experience strong emotions</li> </ul>
11. Managing Strong Feelings	• Staying in control of your emotions and actions helps you get along better with others and be successful at school.	<ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to interrupt escalating emotions</li> <li>Determine a person "signal"</li> <li>Identify and name strong feelings as they occur</li> </ul>
12. Calming Down Anger	Calming down emotions that are getting out of control helps you think clearly so you can avoid negative consequences.	<ul> <li>Identify situations in which they might need to calm down</li> <li>Demonstrate the technique for deep, centered breathing</li> <li>Identify and demonstrate other Calming-Down Strategies (counting, using positive self-talk)</li> </ul>
13. Managing Anxiety	• Effectively managing your anxiety makes it easier to focus and succeed in social and academic situations.	<ul> <li>Identify situations that cause anxiety</li> <li>Apply what they've learned about calming down to anxiety-provoking scenarios, including academic challenges</li> </ul>
14. Avoiding Jumping to Conclusions	Calming down strong emotions helps you think clearly about a situation so you can avoid jumping to conclusions.	<ul> <li>Identify emotion-management strategies</li> <li>Demonstrate Assertiveness Skills</li> <li>Identify and demonstrate positive self-talk statements</li> </ul>
15. Handling Put-Downs	Calming down helps you handle put-downs and avoid making conflicts escalate.	<ul> <li>Identify strategies for handling put-downs</li> <li>Demonstrate what they've learned about strategies for calming down</li> <li>Demonstrate assertive responses to put-downs</li> </ul>

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Lesson	Concepts	<b>Objectives</b> —Students will be able to:
16. Solving Problems, Part 1	<ul><li>Following steps can help you solve problems.</li><li>Saying the problem without blame is respectful.</li><li>Solving problems helps you be successful at school.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Recall the S: Say the problem step of the Problem-Solving Steps</li> <li>State a problem without blaming anyone</li> </ul>
17. Solving Problems, Part 2	Solving problems helps you be successful at school.	<ul> <li>Generate safe and respectful solutions to a problem</li> <li>Identify consequences of potential solutions</li> <li>Select an appropriate solution to a problem</li> </ul>
18. Making a Plan	<ul> <li>Some solutions to problems are complicated and need a plan.</li> <li>Plans help you break down a big task into smaller, more manageable parts.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explain the purpose of making a plan</li> <li>Create a three-step plan to carry out a solution to a problem</li> </ul>
19. Solving Playground Problems	• You are better able to resolve playground conflicts when you are able to calm down and use the Problem-Solving Steps.	<ul> <li>Identify common playground conflicts</li> <li>Demonstrate using the Problem-Solving Steps to handle playground conflicts</li> </ul>
20. Taking Responsibility for Your Actions	Taking responsibility for your actions is the respectful thing to do.	<ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to use the Problem-Solving Steps to handle scenarios in which someone has been wronged</li> <li>Demonstrate acknowledging mistakes</li> <li>Demonstrate making an apology and offering to make amends</li> </ul>
21. Dealing with Peer Pressure	<ul> <li>It is okay to say no to others, and it is okay for them to say no to you.</li> <li>Negative emotions like guilt and remorse can be reasons not to go along with peer pressure.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Demonstrate using Assertiveness Skills to resist peer pressure</li> <li>Demonstrate using the Problem-Solving Steps to figure out ways to resist peer pressure</li> </ul>
22. Reviewing Second Step Skills	• The skills and concepts learned in the <i>Second Step</i> program can help you succeed in school.	<ul> <li>Identify <i>Second Step</i> skills and concepts being used in scenarios students might encounter at school</li> <li>Include <i>Second Step</i> skills in a written script about solving a problem</li> </ul>